

### Homework 3

(Total 120 pts)

**Due 11:55 pm on September 30, 2022 (Friday)**

Canvas submission of your answers (with required plots and source codes attached) in a single PDF file ('hw3.pdf'), and then submit the following source code files: Q2.m and Q3.py

1. (40 pts) Trace of matrix product.

Let  $\mathbf{A}$  and  $\mathbf{B}$  be any  $3 \times 3$  matrices:

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{bmatrix}, \text{ and } \mathbf{B} = \begin{bmatrix} b_{11} & b_{12} & b_{13} \\ b_{21} & b_{22} & b_{23} \\ b_{31} & b_{32} & b_{33} \end{bmatrix}.$$

- (a) Show that  $\text{tr}(\mathbf{AB}) = \text{tr}(\mathbf{BA})$ .

- (b) Let  $f = \text{tr}(\mathbf{AB})$ , determine the matrix derivatives below:

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial \mathbf{A}} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial f}{\partial a_{11}} & \frac{\partial f}{\partial a_{12}} & \frac{\partial f}{\partial a_{13}} \\ \frac{\partial f}{\partial a_{21}} & \frac{\partial f}{\partial a_{22}} & \frac{\partial f}{\partial a_{23}} \\ \frac{\partial f}{\partial a_{31}} & \frac{\partial f}{\partial a_{32}} & \frac{\partial f}{\partial a_{33}} \end{bmatrix}. \text{ Simplify your expression as much as possible.}$$

2. (30 pts) K-Means clustering.

- (a) Read in the following dataset:

[http://www.ece.uah.edu/~dwpn/course/ee610/hw/dataset\\_hw.csv](http://www.ece.uah.edu/~dwpn/course/ee610/hw/dataset_hw.csv)

- (b) Perform 2-Means cluster analysis on the observation vectors ( $x_1$  and  $x_2$ , respectively in the first two columns of the csv file), by using the *kmeans* function in Matlab. Use the default Euclidean distance metric.
- (c) Display the scatter plot of the clusters. Use red color for cluster 1, and blue color for cluster 2. Set 'MarkerSize' to be 12.
- (d) On the same scatter plot, display the centroids in dark color. Also, set 'MarkerSize',15,'LineWidth',3.
- (e) Add proper legends to the plot.
- (f) Fill in the table below with your answers to the result of 2-Means analysis.

	Centroid Location ( $x_1, x_2$ )	Within-cluster <b>average</b> of point-to-centroid distances (without being squared)	Within-cluster <b>sum</b> of point-to-centroid distances (squared)
Cluster Index 1	(      ,      )		
Cluster Index 2	(      ,      )		

- (g) Attach your script and plot.

3. (20 pts) K-Means clustering using sklearn.

- (a) Read in the following dataset:

[http://www.ece.uah.edu/~dwpn/course/ee610/hw/dataset\\_hw.csv](http://www.ece.uah.edu/~dwpn/course/ee610/hw/dataset_hw.csv)

- (b) Perform 2-Means cluster analysis on the observation vectors ( $x_1$  and  $x_2$ , respectively in the first two columns of the csv file), by setting “random\_state = 0” for the Kmeans API in sklearn.
  - (c) Display the attribute “cluster\_centers\_”. What are their values? Did you get the same values as those of the centroid locations reported in Q2(f)?
  - (d) Display the attribute “inertia\_” of the trained cluster. What is the value of “inertia\_”? How is this value related to the results reported in Q2(f)?
  - (e) Attach the Python code.
4. (30 pts)
- Given a matrix  $\mathbf{C} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ , determine analytically its distinct eigenvalues. Show that the eigenvectors corresponding to the distinct eigenvalues are orthogonal to each other. Show your detailed derivations.