

## Homework 1

(Total 130 pts)

**Due 5:00 pm on June 12, 2024 (Wednesday)**

**Note:** Your work must be electronically submitted to Canvas as a single **PDF** file.

1. (20 pts) A system has the input-output relation given by  $y[n] = T\{x[n]\} = nx[n]$ . Determine whether the system is (a) linear; (b) time invariant; (c) stable; (d) causal.
2. (20 pts) Let  $x[n] = \delta[n] + 2\delta[n-1] - \delta[n-3]$  and  $h[n] = 2\delta[n+1] + 2\delta[n-1]$ . Compute the following convolution:  $y[n] = x[n] * h[n]$ .
3. (30 pts)
  - (a) Calculate the Fourier transform of  $X(e^{j\omega})$  of the sequence:  $x[n] = u[n+3] - u[n-4]$ .
  - (b) In Matlab, plot and label the magnitude of the Fourier transform  $|X(e^{j\omega})|$  (where  $\omega$  goes from  $-2\pi$  to  $2\pi$ ). Attach a printed hardcopy of the plot.
4. (20 pts)
  - (a) If  $x[n]$  is a complex sequence with Fourier transform being  $X(e^{j\omega})$ , prove that  $\mathcal{F}\{x^*[-n]\} = X^*(e^{j\omega})$ .
  - (b) Suppose  $x[n]$  is a real sequence. Use Property 7 of the Symmetry of Fourier Transforms to prove that the imaginary part of its Fourier transform is odd, i.e.,  $X_I(e^{j\omega}) = -X_I(e^{-j\omega})$ .
5. (10 pts) Determine the frequency response  $H(e^{j\omega})$  of the LTI system whose input and output satisfy the following difference equation.
 
$$y[n] + \frac{1}{2}y[n-1] + \frac{3}{4}y[n-2] = x[n] - \frac{1}{2}x[n-1] + x[n-3].$$
6. (10 pts) Suppose the frequency response of an LTI system is given by  $H(e^{j\omega}) = \frac{1}{1-0.5e^{j\omega}}$ . If the input to the system is  $x[n] = 1 + e^{jm}$ , what is the output  $y[n]$ ?
7. (20 pts) The sequences  $s[n]$ ,  $x[n]$  and  $w[n]$  are sample sequences of wide-sense stationary random processes where  $s[n] = x[n]w[n]$ . The sequences  $x[n]$  and  $w[n]$  are zero-mean and statistically independent. The autocorrelation function of  $w[n]$  is  $E\{w[n]w[n+m]\} = \sigma_w^2\delta[m]$ . And the variance of  $x[n]$  is  $\sigma_x^2$ .
  - (a) Show that  $s[n]$  is white.
  - (b) Find the mean square of the  $s[n]$ ,  $E\{s^2[n]\}$ .